**Objectives**

* Indentify types of energy and energy transformations associated with movement and/or change of matter.

**Causal Principles**

1. Gravitational energy, thermal energy and/or chemical **energy** drive all movement and change of matter on Earth.

2. A system is in **equilibrium** when energy in the system is balanced.

4. **Energy** is needed to break bonds and is released when bonds form.

5. **Temperature** is a measure of the movement of molecules. Higher temperature means molecules are moving faster.

**PART 1: Background Notes**

Types of energy:

Two main categories:

*Kinetic energy*: The energy a body has due to its movement.

*Potential energy*: The energy stored in a body due to its position or arrangement of its parts. Potential energy is converted into kinetic energy when matter moves or chemical energy when matter changes.

Gravitational energy: the energy that draws objects together. On earth most gravitational energy is due to the attraction between the earth and other objects.

Thermal energy: the energy of a body that results from the movement of molecules within the body. Recall that the movement of molecules is a measure of temperature.

Chemical energy: the energy that is due to the arrangement of atoms and molecules.

**Part 2: Group Work**

A. On the diagram below label these components of the water cycle:

*Evaporation, Cloud, Precipitation, Runoff, Condensation, Surface water, Ground water.*



B. Label the phases or phase changes that occur at each component and between components of the water cycle.

C. Finally, label the types of energy and use arrows to indicate when one type of energy is transforming into another. For example: Water vapor turning into a cloud. *Chemical potential energy 🡪 thermal energy (latent heat of condensation)*

**Part 3: Homework**

If you complete the group work, you may work on the homework **on your own.** This means your answers should be generally unique from other students’ answers. **Submit your homework using ANGEL**.

For the following questions, decide what kind of energy transformation is happening. Your options are the kinetic and potential versions of gravitational, chemical or thermal energy. There is an example done for you.

Example. Water vapor turning into a cloud. *Chemical potential energy is transferred to thermal energy (latent heat of condensation)*

1. Sunlight turned into sugar during photosynthesis.
2. An acorn falling from a tree branch.
3. Driving a gasoline-powered car.
4. Water evaporating from a pond.